

ICMGP 2024
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Advancements in Mercury Measurement and Global Comparability: Insights from Inter-Laboratory Exercises and Proficiency Testing Programs

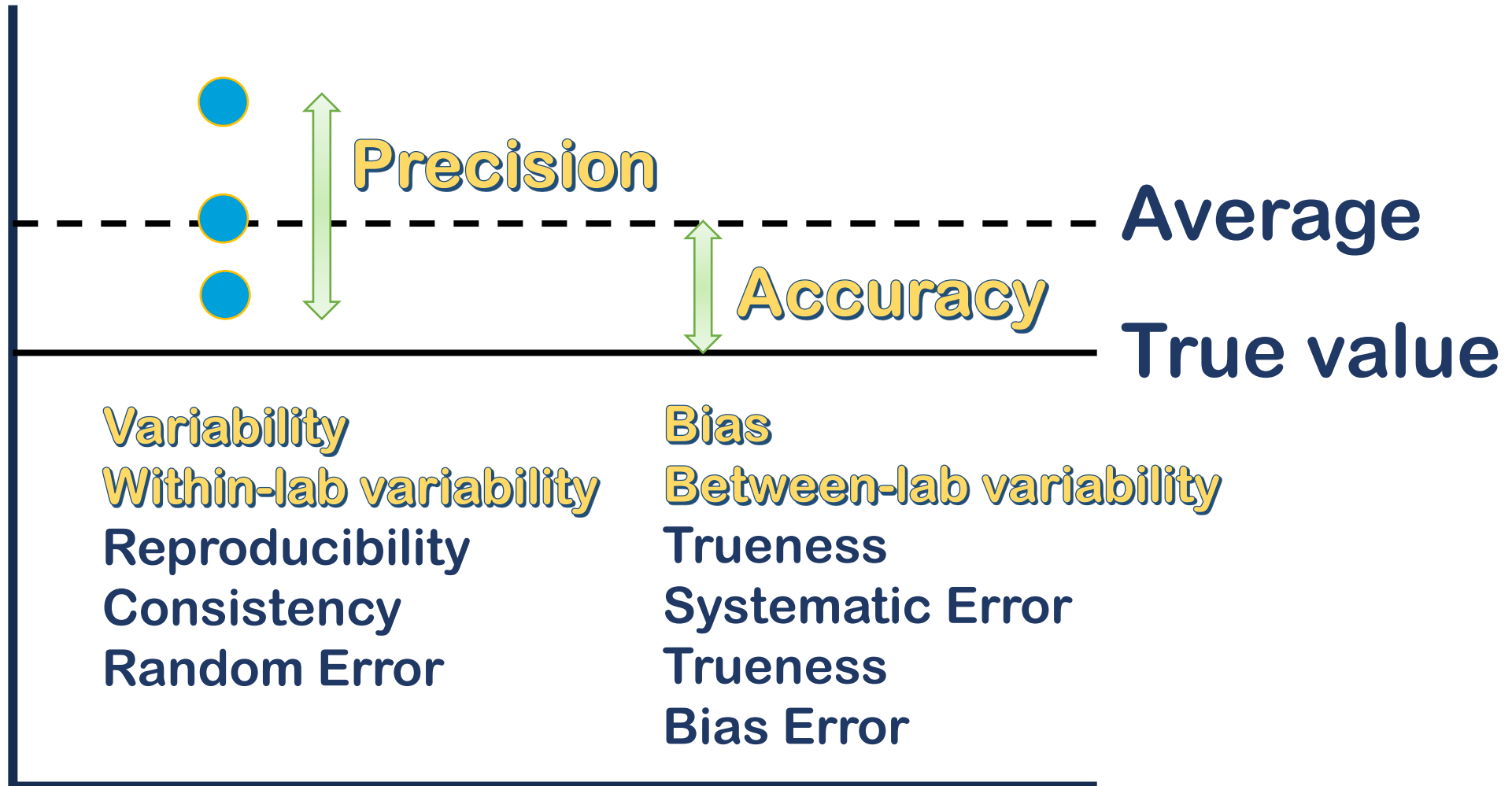
Koichi HARAGUCHI

Ministry of the Environment

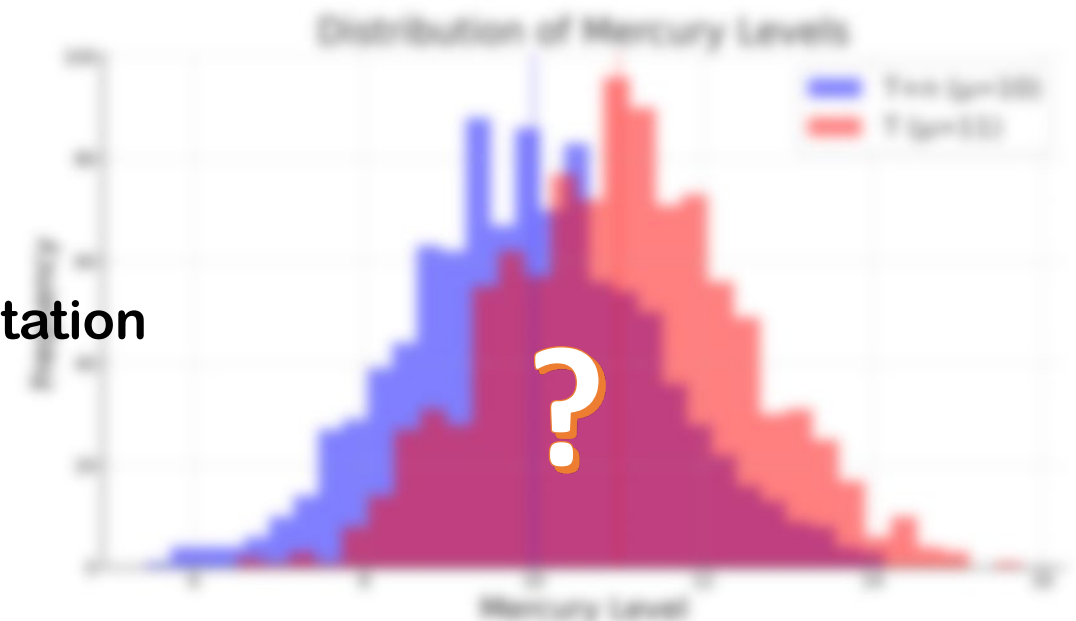
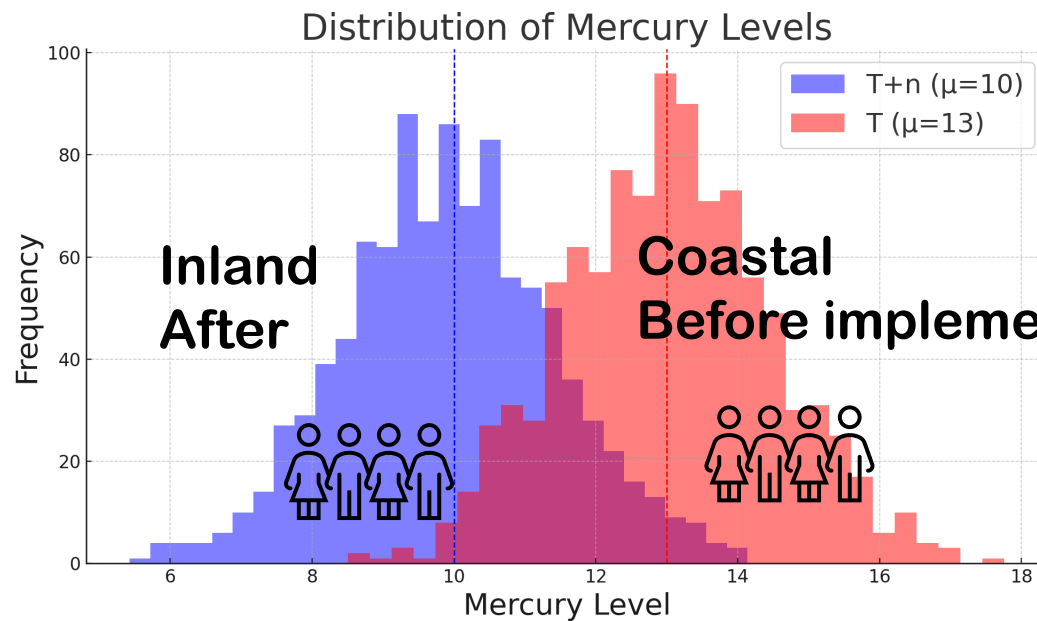
National Institute for Minamata Disease



Variability and Bias in Measurements



The Impact of Analytical Quality on Detecting Differences between Two Groups in Multi-laboratory Analyses



Introduction

- Maintaining consistent accuracy across multiple laboratories is challenging due to **variations in proficiency** (Trantnik 2019).
- Large-scale HBM requires the **collaboration of multiple laboratories**.
- Harmonizing different labs requires **external quality control**, including regular PT and CRMs (Vorkamp 2023).

Acceptable Ranges for Analytical Accuracy

Measurement Aspect	Acceptable Range/Value	Brief Note	Reference
Precision (RSD)	$\leq 15\%$	MeHg in Water	U.S. EPA Method 1630 (1998)
	$\leq 10\%$	THg in solids/solutions	U.S. EPA Method 7473 (2007)
Accuracy (Bias Error)	$\pm 25\%$	THg in Water	U.S. EPA Method 1631 (2002)
	$\pm 10\%$	ICP-MS	U.S. EPA Method 6020B (2014)
	$\pm 5\%$	Typical in ref. labs	NIST Spec. Pub. 260-136 (2020)

Evaluating data from recent PT and CRM studies reveals the **current standards and practices** in mercury biomonitoring accuracy.

A Multi-Laboratory Study for Mercury in Hair: PT and CRM Development



**PT
round 1**

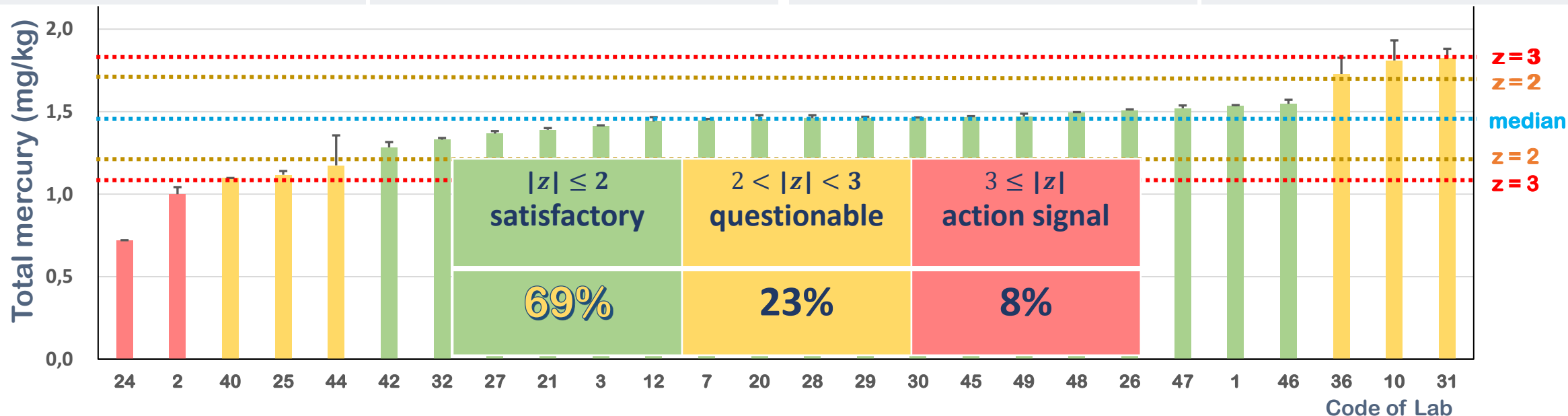


**CRM
NIMD-01**

Participating Labs	24 Labs (Asia)		11 Labs (Reference)	
Number of Measurements	3 × 1 day		4 × 2 days	
Assigned/Certified Value	Median 1.46 mg/kg		Mean 0.794 mg/kg	
Methods	TD AAS (15) CV AFS (2)	CV AAS (7) ICP-MS (2)	TD AAS (8) CV AFS(1)	CV AAS (2) ICP-MS (0)

Proficiency Testing Results - Z-Score

	mg/kg		mg/kg
Mean	1.41	25 percentile	1.34
Median	1.46	75 percentile	1.50
Standard deviation	0.24	Interquartile range (IQR)	0.17
Minimum	0.72	Normalized IQR (NIQR)	0.12
Maximum	1.82		



Compared to the 80% satisfactory rate in the 2018 Euro UNEP PT for THg in hair, the 69% rate in our Asian PT results highlights a need for **improvement and harmonization**.

Assessing Multi-Lab Measurement Variability

1. **Within-Laboratory Variability (Intralaboratory Variability) (RSD):** $\sigma_w = \frac{\text{standard Deviation of the three measurements}}{\text{Mean of the three measurements}}$

2. **Between-Laboratory Variability (Interlaboratory Variability) (Bias):** $\sigma_b = \frac{\text{Mean Reported Value} - \text{Assigned Value}}{\text{Assigned Value}}$

3. **Combined Standard Deviation for Each Lab:** $\sigma_{Lab} = \sqrt{\sigma_w^2 + \sigma_b^2}$

4. **Overall Combined Standard Deviation:** $\sigma_{combined} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^n (\sigma_{Lab})^2}$

5. **Least Significant Difference (LSD):** $LSD = t_{\alpha/2,df} \times \sqrt{2} \times \sigma_{combined}$

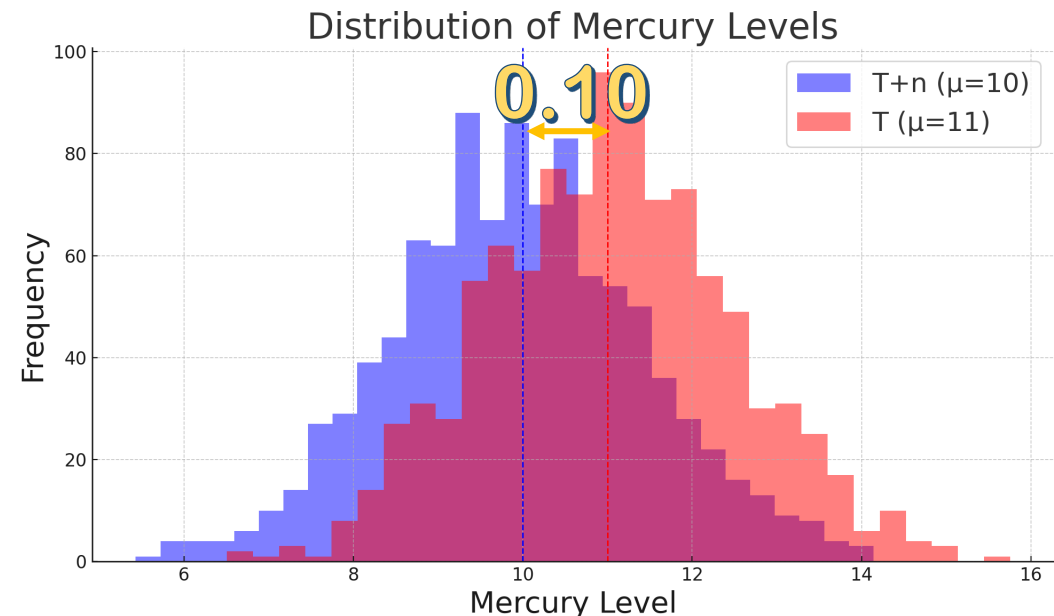
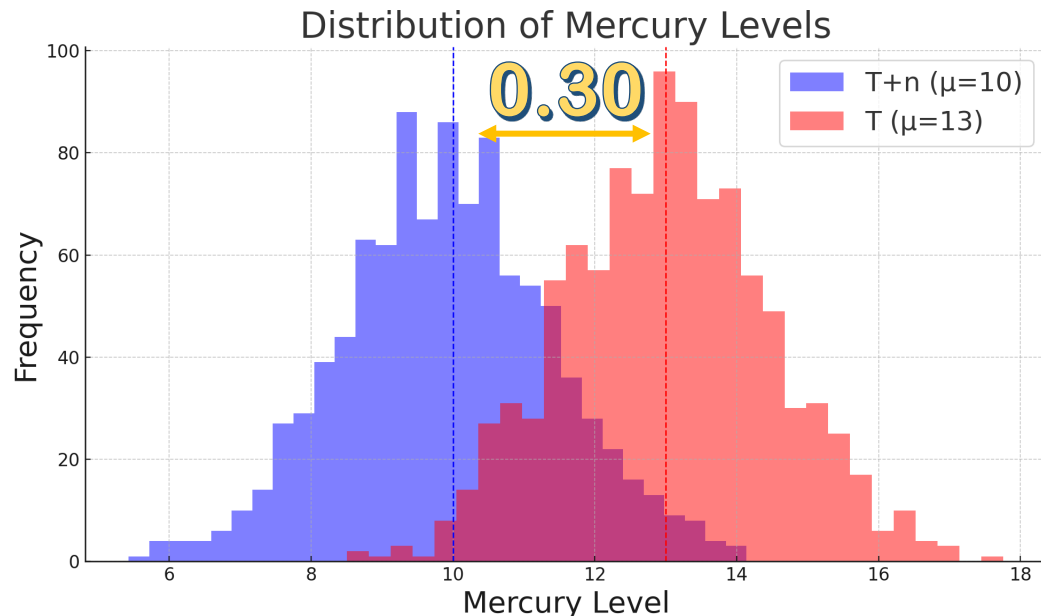
- $t_{\alpha/2,df}$ adjusts for confidence (about 1.96 for 95% confidence).
- $\sqrt{2}$ is a constant used when comparing two measurements.

6. **Time to Detect Significant Change:** $n = \left(\frac{t \times \sigma_{combined}}{\delta}\right)^2$ $t = \frac{\delta}{\text{Standard Error}}$ ← Standard Error = $\frac{\sigma_{combined}}{\sqrt{n}}$

- t -value for the significance level and power (typically 2.80 for 95% confidence and 80% power).
- δ is the annual decreasing rate.

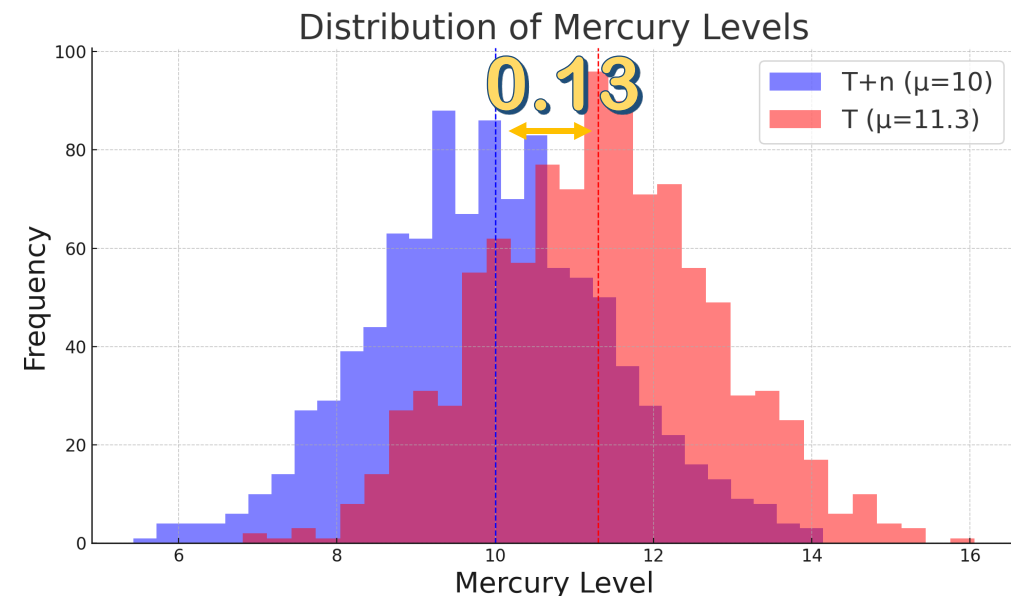
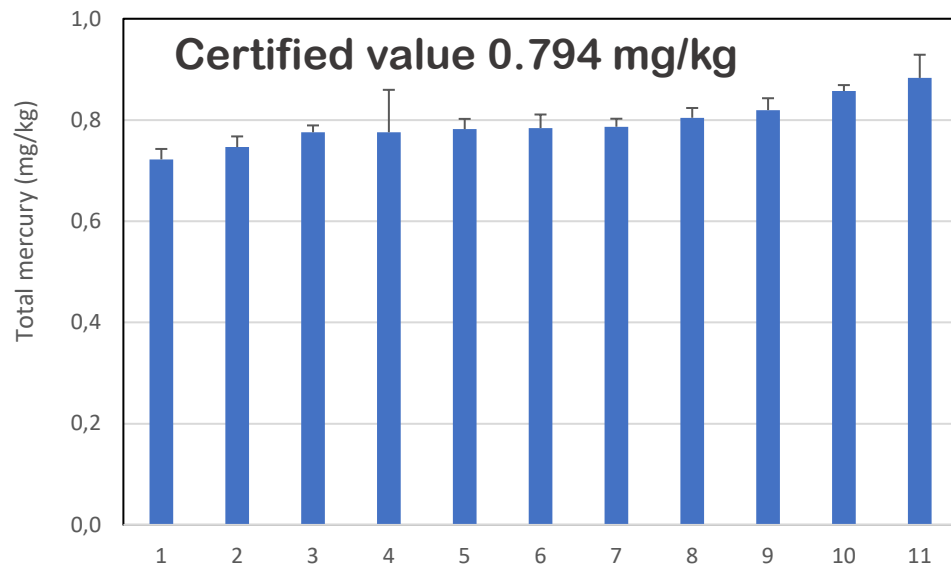
Influence of Multi-Laboratory Proficiency on LSD (Least Significant Difference)

	n	Within-Laboratory Variability (σ_w)	Between-Laboratory Variability (σ_b)	Combined Measurement Variability (σ_c)	LSD
All Labs	24	0.02	0.11	0.11	0.30
Proficient Labs ($ z \leq 2$)	18	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.10



Comparison of PT Results with CRM Reference Labs Performance

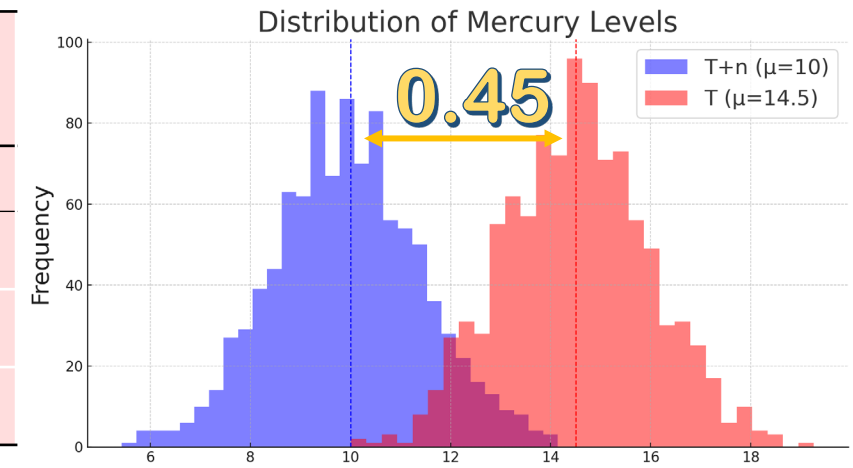
	n	Within-Laboratory Variability (σ_w)	Between-Laboratory Variability (σ_b)	Combined Measurement Variability (σ_c)	LSD
All Labs	24	0.02	0.11	0.11	0.30
Proficient Labs ($ z \leq 2$)	18	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.10
Reference Labs	11	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.13



Method Differences in Total Mercury Analysis

	n	Within-Laboratory Variability (σ_w)	Between-Laboratory Variability (σ_b)	Combined Measurement Variability (σ_c)	LSD
All Labs	24	0.02	0.11	0.11	0.30
Proficient Labs ($ z \leq 2$)	18	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.10
Reference Labs	11	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.13
TD AAS Method	15	0.01	0.07	0.07	0.19
CV AAS Method	6	0.04	0.16	0.16	0.45

Sample pretreatment	Methods	n	$ z \leq 2$	$2 < z < 3$	$3 \leq z $
no	TD AAS	15	13 (87%)	1	1
yes	CV AAS	7	3 (42%)	3	1
	CV AFS	2	1 (50%)	1	0
	ICP-MS	2	1 (50%)	1	0



TD AAS: Achieved 87% satisfactory results with a low LSD of 0.19. Suitable for labs with varying experience levels (Esteban 2015; Hwjin 2019).

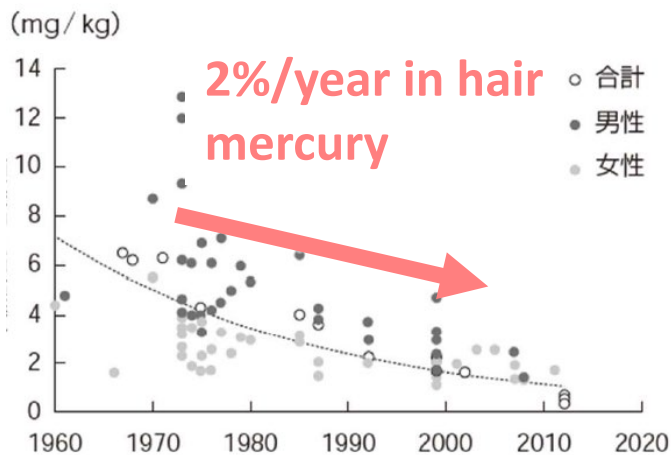
CV AAS: Requires sample digestion, higher variability, and a high LSD of 0.45.

Accuracy Issues: Incomplete digestion, contamination, and insufficient stannous chloride.

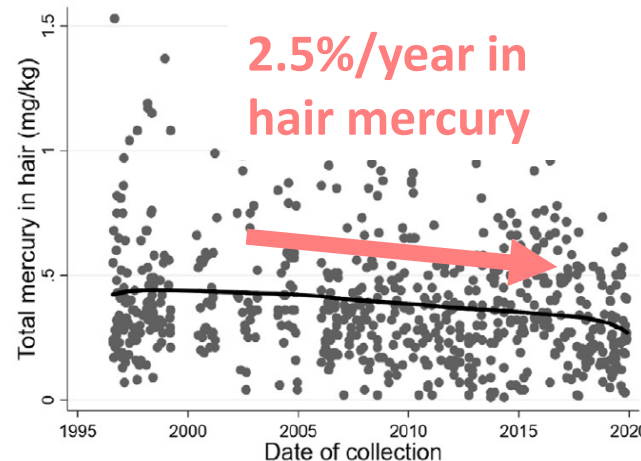
The Role of Measurement Reliability in Monitoring Periods

	n	LSD	2%/year (year)	2.5%/year (year)	6.3%/year (year)
All labs	24	0.30	245	149	24
Proficient Labs ($ z \leq 2$)	18	0.10	25	15	2
Reference Labs	11	0.13	27	16	4
TD AAS Method	15	0.19	101	61	10
CV AAS Method	6	0.45	532	323	51
All Asian Labs	21	0.30	242	148	23
Proficient Asian Labs ($ z \leq 2$)	14	0.06	11	6.8	1

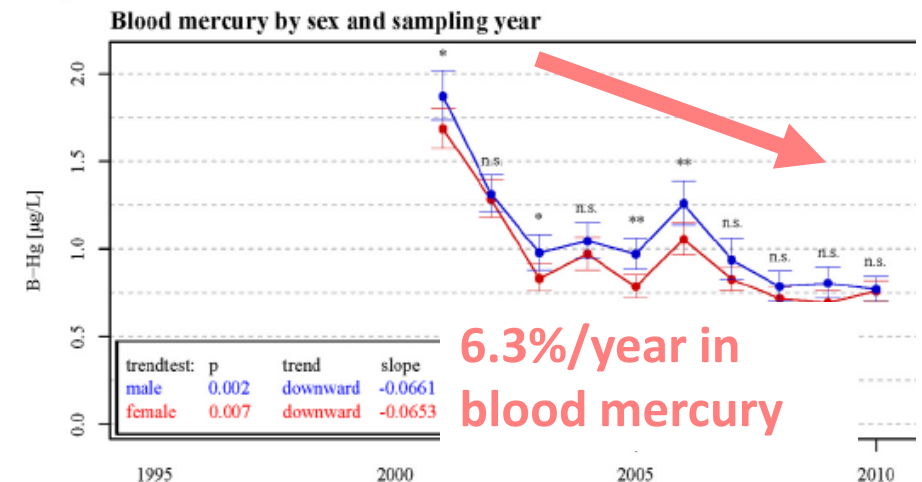
32 studies, ~20,000 Japanese (1960s-2010s) (Haraguchi 2023)



655 Swedish women over 23 years (Kippler 2021)



Young Germans (2001-2010) (Bartel-Steinbach 2022)



Key Findings

- **30% difference** needed to detect changes across all labs, reduced to **10% for proficient labs**.
- **Asian labs with $|z| \leq 2$ can detect 6% differences in 1 to 11 years.**
- **TD AAS achieved 87% satisfactory results with an LSD of 0.19.**

Next Step and Recommendation

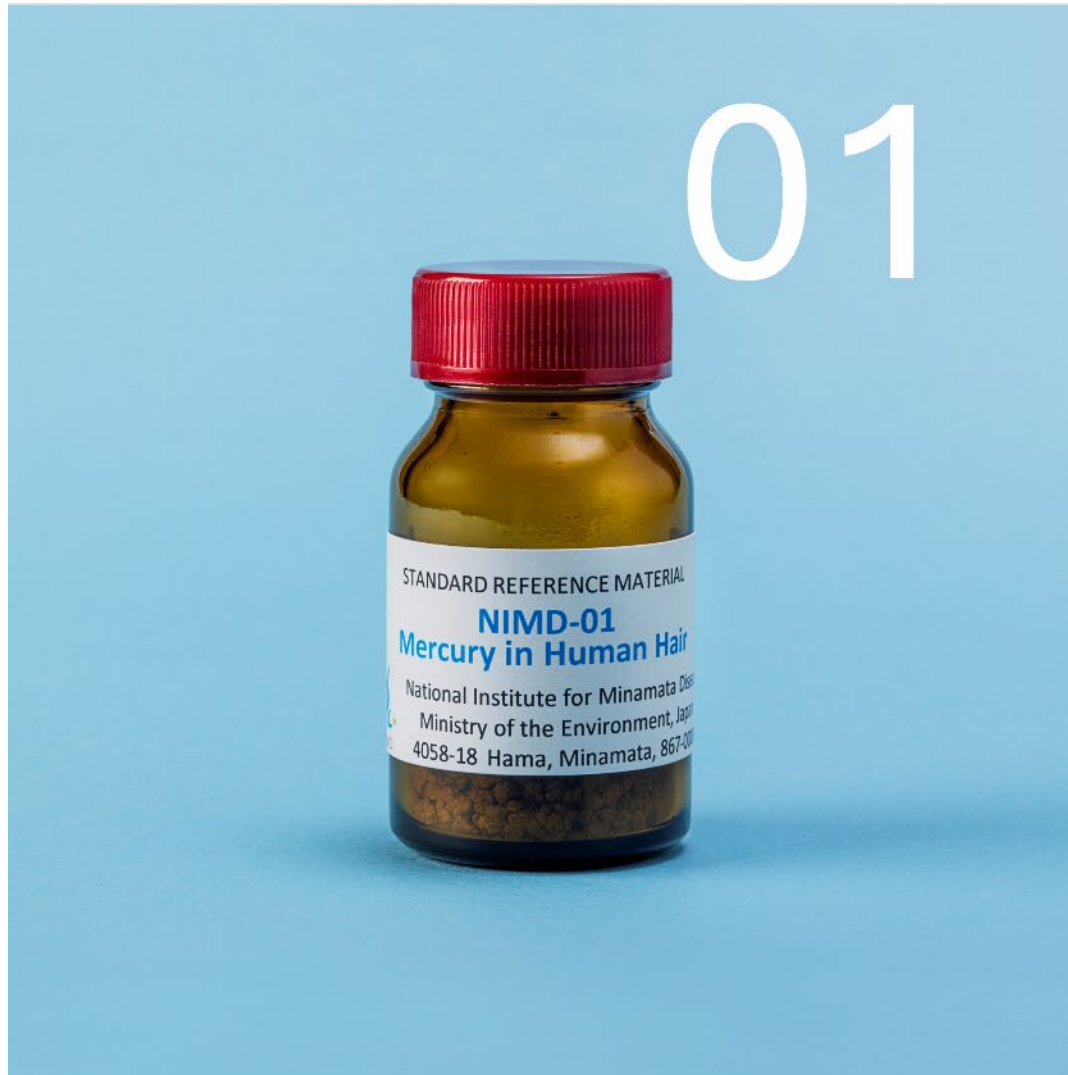
- **Incorporate group size and variability** in future LSD.
- **Consider adopting the TD AAS** if acquiring new equipment.

Improvements needed

- **Train staff, Use CRMs and participate in PT.**

NIMD - 01

Human Hair



Analyte	Certified value (mg/kg)
Methylmercury	0.634 ± 0.071
Total mercury	0.794 ± 0.050
Copper	12.8 ± 1.4
Zinc	234 ± 29
Selenium	1.52 ± 0.29
Arsenic	0.17 ± 0.03 [※]

※Indicative value